This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (Original): A zeolitic crystalline solid IM-9 with an X ray diffraction diagram including at least the peaks listed in the table below:

d _{hkl} (Å)	I/I ₀	2theta (degrees)
13.74	mw	6.425
12.74	VS	6.933
11.42	vw	7.735
9.36	w	9.442
8.30	m	10.653
6.94	vw	12.745
6.23	vw	14.204
6.06	vw	10.605
5.79	vw	15.291
5.47	vw	16.192
5.11	vw	17.337
4.76	mw	18.627
4.56	vw	19.452
4.52	vw	19.625
4.32	vw	20.541
4.25	w	20.887
4.17	vw	21.291
4.06	w	21.876
3.97	mw	22.377
3.79	w	23.449
3.65	w	24.365
3.57	w	24.917
3.44	w	25.874
3.39	vw	26.262
3.30	vw	26.995
3.19	vw	27.946
3.12	w	28.589
3.07	vw	29.067
2.98	vw	29.956
2.91	vw	30.698
2.84	vw	31.473
2.76	vw	32.413
2.55	vw	35.160
2.49	vw	36.040
2.44	vw	36.798
2.40	vw	37.441
2.38	vw	37.763
2.35	vw	28.266
2.13	vw	42.404

in which VS = very strong; S = strong; m = medium; mw = medium weak; w = weak; vw = medium weak, and having a chemical composition, expressed as the anhydrous base in terms of the moles of oxides, defined by the following general formula: XO_2 : mYO_2 : pZ_2O_3 : $qR_{2/n}O$: sF (I), in which R represents one or more cation(s) with valency n, X represents one or more tetravalent element(s) other than germanium, Y represents germanium, Z represents at least one trivalent element and F is fluorine, m, p, q, s respectively representing the number of moles of YO_2 , Z_2O_3 , $R_{2/n}O$ and F and m is in the range 0.1 to 0.9, p is in the range 0 to 0.5, q and s are in the range 0.01 to 0.7, the ratio $\{(1+m)/p\}$ being 5 or more.

Claim 2 (Original): A crystalline solid IM-9 according to claim 1, in which X is silicon.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): A crystalline solid IM-9 according to claim 1 or claim 2, in which Z is aluminium.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): A process for preparing a crystalline solid IM-9 in accordance with one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1, in which an aqueous mixture comprising at least one source of at least one oxide XO_2 , optionally at least one source of an oxide YO_2 , optionally at least one source of at least one oxide Z_2O_3 , optionally at least one source of an oxide $M_{2/w}O$ and at least one organic nitrogen-containing cation R or at least one precursor of an organic nitrogen-containing cation, or at least one decomposition product of an nitrogen-containing organic cation,

then carrying out a hydrothermal treatment on said mixture until said crystalline solid IM-9 is formed.

Claim 5 (Original): A process for preparing a zeolitic crystalline solid IM-9 according to claim 4, in which the molar composition of the reaction mixture is such that:

$$(XO_2 + YO_2)/Z_2O_3$$
 : at least 5;

$$M_{2/w}O/(XO_2 + YO_2)$$
 : 0 to 3;

$$H_2O/(XO_2 + YO_2)$$
 : 1 to 50;

$$R/(XO_2 + YO_2)$$
 : 0.1 to 3;

$$F/(XO_2 + YO_2)$$
 : 0.1 to 3;

$$YO_2/XO_2$$
 : 0 to 1;

$$L_aS/XO_2$$
 : 0 to 0.5

Claim 6 (Currently Amended): A process for preparing a zeolitic crystalline solid IM-9 according to claim 4 or claim-5, in which R is a salt of (6R,10S)-6,10-dimethyl-5-azoniaspiro-[4,5]decane.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): A process according to one of claims 4 to 6, in which claim 4, comprising adding seeds are added to the reaction mixture.

Claim 8 (Cancelled)

Claim 9 (New): In a process comprising separating molecules with a molecular sieve, the improvement wherein the molecular sieve comprises a crystalline solid according to claim 1.

Claim 10 (New): In a process comprising catalytically transforming hydrocarbons, the improvement wherein the catalyst comprises a crystalline solid according to claim 1.

Claim 11 (New): A crystalline solid IM-9 according to claim 1 having an X-ray diffraction diagram according to Fig. 1.

Claim 12 (New): A crystalline solid IM-9 according to claim 2, in which Z is aluminium.